COURSE OUTLINE: MATHEMATICS FOR ECONOMISTS II

GENERAL

SCHOOL	ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS							
ACADEMIC UNIT	ECONOMICS							
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE							
COURSE CODE	МП0102		SEMESTER 2	nd				
COURSE TITLE	MATHEMATICS II							
INDEPENDENT TEA								
if credits are awarded for se	WEEKLY							
course, e.g. lectures, labor	TEACHING	CREDITS						
credits are awarded for the v	HOURS							
weekly teaching hours								
			3	6				
Add rows if necessary. The or								
the teaching								
methods used are described								
COURSE TYPE								
general background,								
special background,	ECONOMIC ANALYSIS, GENERAL BACKGROUND							
specialized general								
knowledge, skills								
development								
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO							
LANGUAGE OF								
INSTRUCTION and								
EXAMINATIONS:								
IS THE COURSE OFFERED								
то	YES							
ERASMUS STUDENTS								
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://www.econ.uth.gr/σπουδές/προπτυχιακό/περιγραφή-							
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LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course is designed for first-year students and aims to introduce them to new mathematical concepts not covered in secondary education, as well as to demonstrate how these concepts are applied in Economic Science. Additionally, the course aims to equip Economics students with the necessary mathematical tools to understand economic concepts that are directly linked to mathematics. Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Understand the subject, methodology, and various applications of Mathematics in Economics.
- Comprehend the concept of input-output models.
- Understand the concepts of quadratic forms, eigenvalues, eigenvectors, and the diagonalization of symmetric matrices.
- Apply derivatives in Economic Analysis and use partial derivatives in comparative static analysis.
- Understand point elasticity and its utility in Economics.
- Work with derivatives of implicit functions.
- Apply optimization methods and use first and second derivative criteria to identify relative maxima or minima with equality constraints.
- Use the method of Lagrange multipliers and apply it to economic problems.
- Understand utility functions.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of Project planning and management

data and information, Respect for difference and multiculturalism

with the use of the necessary Respect for the natural environment technology Showing social, professional and ethical

Adapting to new situations responsibility and

Decision-making sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Working in an international
environment Others...
Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

- Research, analysis, and synthesis of data and information, utilizing the necessary technologies.
- Decision-making.
- Independent work.
- Work in an international environment.
- Critical thinking and self-reflection.
- Development of free, creative, and inductive thinking.

SYLLABUS

1. Leontief Input-Output Models

• Introduction to input-output models in economic systems.

2. Quadratic Forms

- Definition and properties.
- Determining the sign of quadratic forms.

3. Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors

- Definition and characteristic equation.
- Determining the sign of quadratic forms using eigenvalues.
- Diagonalization of symmetric matrices.

4. Comparative Static Analysis

- Introduction to the rate of change.
- Derivatives of single-variable functions.
- Differentiation rules and applications to economic problems.
- Partial derivatives of functions with two or more variables.
- Applications in Comparative Static Analysis.
- Jacobian determinants.
- Differential calculus, point elasticity, and total differential.
- Derivatives of implicit functions.

5. **Optimization**

- A specialized case of equilibrium analysis.
- Relative maxima and minima of single-variable functions.
- First derivative test.
- Second (and higher-order) derivatives and the second derivative test.
- Relative maxima and minima of two-variable functions.
- Second derivative test using the Hessian determinant.
- Relative maxima and minima with equality constraints (Lagrange multiplier method).

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

- LACTING AND LEAGUE TO LAALON TON									
DELIVERY									
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	Face-to-face								
etc.									
USE OF INFORMATION AND									
COMMUNICATIONS									
TECHNOLOGY									
Use of ICT in teaching,									
laboratory education,									
communication with students									
TEACHING METHODS	A salinitar	Comparts would and							

TEACHING METHODS
The manner and methods of
teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory
practice, fieldwork, study and
analysis of bibliography,
tutorials, placements, clinical
practice, art workshop,
interactive teaching.

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39
Study and analysis of	105
bibliography	
Tutorial exercises	26
Lab exercises	5
Exams	5

	educational visits, project, essay	(Cours	e tot	al					180
	writing, artistic creativity, etc.						•			
	The student's study hours for									
	each learning activity are given									
	as well as the hours of non-									
	directed study according to the									
	principles of the									
	ECTS									
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STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods evaluation, of conclusive, summative or multiple-choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, openended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other.

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

The final grade for the course is determined by choosing one of the following two alternatives:

- Written examinations at the end of the semester, accounting for 100% of the final grade, including multiple-choice questions, open-ended questions, and critical analysis.
- Written assessment through three progress tests, consisting of multiple-choice questions, open-ended questions, and critical analysis: (20%) + (20%) + (60%), conducted after the completion of lectures.

The above evaluation criteria are communicated to students during the first lecture of the course, and the information remains continuously accessible via relevant announcements on the course's e-class platform.

ERASMUS students follow the same evaluation methods but are taught and examined in English.

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Πρόσκληση στα Μαθηματικά, τόμος Β', Μανώλης Λουκάκης, Εκδόσεις ΣΟΦΙΑ
- Μαθηματικά Οικονομικών Επιστημών, Michael Hoy, John Livernois, Chris McKenna, Thanasis Stengos, Εκδόσεις Γ. ΔΑΡΔΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙ ΣΙΑ Ε.Ε.
- Μαθηματικά για Οικονομολόγους με Εφαρμογές, James Bergin, Εκδόσεις Γ.
 ΔΑΡΔΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙ ΣΙΑ Ε.Ε.